§ 153.250

reinsurance entity's collection of personally identifiable information is limited to information reasonably necessary for use in the calculation of reinsurance payments, and that use and disclosure of personally identifiable information is limited to those purposes for which the personally identifiable information was collected (including for purposes of data validation).

(2) If a State establishes a reinsurance program, the State must ensure that the applicable reinsurance entity implements security standards that provide administrative, physical, and technical safeguards for the personally identifiable information consistent with the security standards described at 45 CFR 164.308, 164.310, and 164.312.

[77 FR 17247, Mar. 23, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 15527, Mar. 11, 2013]

§ 153.250 Coordination with high-risk pools.

- (a) General requirement. The State must eliminate or modify any State high-risk pool to the extent necessary to carry out the reinsurance program established under this subpart.
- (b) Coordination with high-risk pools. The State may coordinate the State high-risk pool with the reinsurance program to the extent that the State high-risk pool conforms to the provisions of this subpart.

Subpart D—State Standards Related to the Risk Adjustment Program

§153.300 [Reserved]

\$153.310 Risk adjustment administration.

- (a) State eligibility to establish a risk adjustment program. (1) A State that elects to operate an Exchange is eligible to establish a risk adjustment program.
- (2) Any State that does not elect to operate an Exchange, or that HHS has not approved to operate an Exchange, will forgo implementation of all State functions in this subpart, and HHS will carry out all of the provisions of this subpart on behalf of the State.
- (3) Any State that elects to operate an Exchange but does not elect to administer risk adjustment will forgo im-

plementation of all State functions in this subpart, and HHS will carry out all of the provisions of this subpart on behalf of the State.

- (4) Beginning in 2015, any State that is approved to operate an Exchange and elects to operate risk adjustment but has not been approved by HHS to operate risk adjustment prior to publication of its State notice of benefit and payment parameters for the applicable benefit year, will forgo implementation of all State functions in this subpart, and HHS will carry out all of the provisions of this subpart on behalf of the State.
- (b) Entities eligible to carry out risk adjustment activities. If a State is operating a risk adjustment program, the State may elect to have an entity other than the Exchange perform the State functions of this subpart, provided that the entity meets the standards promulgated by HHS to be an entity eligible to carry out Exchange functions.
- (c) State responsibility for risk adjustment. (1) A State operating a risk adjustment program for a benefit year must administer the applicable Federally certified risk adjustment methodology through an entity that—
- (i) Is operationally ready to implement the applicable Federally certified risk adjustment methodology and process the resulting payments and charges; and
- (ii) Has experience relevant to operating the risk adjustment program.
- (2) The State must ensure that the risk adjustment entity complies with all applicable provisions of subpart D of this part in the administration of the applicable Federally certified risk adjustment methodology.
- (3) The State must conduct oversight and monitoring of its risk adjustment program.
- (d) Certification for a State to operate risk adjustment. (1) To be approved by HHS to operate risk adjustment under a particular Federally certified risk adjustment methodology for a benefit year, a State must establish that it and its risk adjustment entity meet the standards set forth in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (2) To obtain such approval, the State must submit to HHS, in a form

and manner specified by HHS, evidence that its risk adjustment entity meets these standards.

- (e) Timeframes. A State, or HHS on behalf of the State, must implement risk adjustment for the 2014 benefit year and every benefit year thereafter. For each benefit year, a State, or HHS on behalf of the State, must notify issuers of risk adjustment payments due or charges owed annually by June 30 of the year following the benefit year.
- (f) State summary reports. Each State operating a risk adjustment program must submit to HHS an annual summary of risk adjustment program operations in the manner and timeframe specified by HHS.

[77 FR 17247, Mar. 23, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 15527, Mar. 11, 2013]

§ 153.320 Federally certified risk adjustment methodology.

- (a) General requirement. Any risk adjustment methodology used by a State, or HHS on behalf of the State, must be a Federally certified risk adjustment methodology. A risk adjustment methodology may become Federally certified by one of the following processes:
- (1) The risk adjustment methodology is developed by HHS and published in the applicable annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters; or
- (2) An alternate risk adjustment methodology is submitted by a State in accordance with §153.330, reviewed and certified by HHS, and published in the applicable annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters.
- (b) Publication of methodology in notices. The publication of a risk adjustment methodology by HHS in an annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters or by a State in an annual State notice of benefit and payment parameters described in subpart B of this part must include:
- (1) A complete description of the risk adjustment model, including—
- (i) Factors to be employed in the model, including but not limited to demographic factors, diagnostic factors, and utilization factors, if any;
- (ii) The qualifying criteria for establishing that an individual is eligible for a specific factor;

- (iii) Weights assigned to each factor; and
- (iv) The schedule for the calculation of individual risk scores.
- (2) A complete description of the calculation of plan average actuarial risk.
- (3) A complete description of the calculation of payments and charges.
- (4) A complete description of the risk adjustment data collection approach.
- (5) The schedule for the risk adjustment program.
- (c) Use of methodology for States that do not operate a risk adjustment program. HHS will specify in the annual HHS notice of benefit and payment parameters for the applicable year the Federally certified risk adjustment methodology that will apply in States that do not operate a risk adjustment program.

[77 FR 17247, Mar. 23, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 15528, Mar. 11, 2013]

§ 153.330 State alternate risk adjustment methodology.

- (a) State request for alternate methodology certification. (1) A State request to HHS for the certification of an alternate risk adjustment methodology must include:
- (i) The elements specified in §153.320(b);
- (ii) The calibration methodology and frequency of calibration; and
- (iii) The statistical performance metrics specified by HHS.
- (2) The request must include the extent to which the methodology:
- (i) Accurately explains the variation in health care costs of a given population;
- (ii) Links risk factors to daily clinical practice and is clinically meaningful to providers;
- (iii) Encourages favorable behavior among providers and health plans and discourages unfavorable behavior;
- (iv) Uses data that is complete, high in quality, and available in a timely fashion;
- (v) Is easy for stakeholders to understand and implement;
- (vi) Provides stable risk scores over time and across plans; and
- (vii) Minimizes administrative costs.
- (b) Evaluation criteria for alternate risk adjustment methodology. An alternate risk adjustment methodology will be